## A Study in Leadership <br> Women do it Better than Men <br> " <br> 8 8008 <br> ZENGER|FOLKMAN <br> Strengths-based leadership development

Which gender supplies better leaders for organizations? Based on research conducted by Zenger Folkman, the authority in strengths-based leadership development, the answer is rather clear and quite shocking. As far as the 16 researched differentiating leadership competencies are concerned women excelled in a majority of areas.

Below is the research of a sample of 7,280 leaders who had their leadership effectiveness evaluates in $2011.64 \%$ of our data set was male (4651) and $36 \%$ was female (2629).The data represents managers and executives who completed our Extraordinary Leader 360 assessment in 2011. Our clients tend to be progressive, successful companies that have a strong belief in leadership development. This is not a global random sample of leaders but rather a sampling of male and female leader from high performing companies. Perhaps the differences are more pronounced in these data because the organizations supported the development of their leaders. It is also interesting because $64 \%$ of the data comes from managers and executives in the United States and the remainder from countries scattered all over the world. Many of the countries in the data showed the same trends between men and women.

Males tended to have a higher percent of leaders in top management and reports to top management positions.

| Position | Male | Female |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Top Management, Executive, Senior Team Members | $78 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| Reports to Top Management, Supervises Middle Managers | $67 \%$ | $32 \%$ |
| Middle Manager | $60 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| Supervisor, Front Line Manager, Foreman | $61 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| Individual Contributor | $45 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| Other | $47 \%$ | $53 \%$ |

Overall Leadership Effectiveness by Gender by Position (*Percentile Scores)

| Position | Male | Female |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Top Management, Executive, Senior Team Members | 52 | 61 |
| Reports to Top Management, Supervises Middle Managers | 47 | 53 |
| Middle Manager | 47 | 53 |
| Supervisor, Front Line Manager, Foreman | 52 | 51 |
| Individual Contributor | 51 | 52 |
| Other | 50 | 51 |

* Percentile scores were calculated by comparing the results of the 7,280 males and females to each other.


## Overall Leadership Effectiveness by Gender by Function (Percentile Scores)

Of the 15 functions listed females were rated more positively in 12 . Some of the largest gaps were in functions that tended to be male dominated such as sales, product development, legal, engineering, IT and research and development. The percentage of women leaders represented in these functions ranged from $13 \%$ to $33 \%$.

| Function | Male | Female |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 55.9 | 62.6 |
| Marketing | 45.7 | 52.4 |
| Customer Service | 52.4 | 50.6 |
| Operations | 50.4 | 53.8 |
| HR, Training | 48.7 | 50.6 |
| General Management | 49.6 | 55.0 |
| Finance and Accounting | 46.2 | 50.6 |
| Product Development | 42.0 | 49.0 |
| Legal | 54.7 | 59.4 |
| Engineering | 41.1 | 44.5 |
| Information Technology | 42.0 | 52.1 |
| Research and Development | 47.4 | 52.2 |
| Facilities Management,Maintenance | 49.8 | 37.8 |
| Quality Management | 48.5 | 49.5 |
| Administrative, Clerical | 48.8 | 43.2 |
|  |  |  |

## Differences in Overall Leadership Effectiveness

On an overall leadership effectiveness index females were rated significantly more positively than males. The overall leadership effectiveness index is a 49 item index. The 49 items were found to be the most differentiating items separating the best versus the worst leaders. The items are associated with 16 differentiating competencies. The overall index is the average rating from a aggregate of manager, peer, direct report and other ratings.

|  | Male | Female | T Value | Sig. (2-tailed) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overall Leadership Effectiveness <br> (Average of 49 Leadership Items) | 49 | 53 | -6.17 | 0.00 |

## Differences in Competencies

On 12 of 16 competencies Females were rated more positively by the total of all respondents manager, peers, direct reports and others. On average 12.7 rater's evaluated males, 13.1 raters evaluated females.

The bias of most people is that Females would be better at nurturing competencies such as developing others and relationship building and while this is true the competencies with the largest differences between males and females were taking initiative, practicing self development, integrity/honesty and driving for results.

|  | Male | Female | t | Sig. (2-tailed) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Takes Initiative | 48 | 56 | -11.58 | 0.00 |
| Practices Self-Development | 48 | 55 | -9.45 | 0.00 |
| Displays High Integrity and Honesty | 48 | 55 | -9.28 | 0.00 |
| Drives for Results | 48 | 54 | -8.84 | 0.00 |
| Develops Others | 48 | 54 | -7.94 | 0.00 |
| Inspires and Motivates Others | 49 | 54 | -7.53 | 0.00 |
| Builds Relationships | 49 | 54 | -7.15 | 0.00 |
| Collaboration and Teamwork | 49 | 53 | -6.14 | 0.00 |
| Establishes Stretch Goals | 49 | 53 | -5.41 | 0.00 |
| Champions Change | 49 | 53 | -4.48 | 0.00 |
| Solves Problems and Analyzes Issues | 50 | 52 | -2.53 | 0.01 |
| Communicates Powerfully and Prolifically | 50 | 52 | -2.47 | 0.01 |
| Connects the Group to the Outside World | 50 | 51 | -0.78 | 0.43 |
| Innovates | 50 | 51 | -0.76 | 0.45 |
| Technical or Professional Expertise | 50 | 51 | -0.11 | 0.91 |
| Develops Strategic Perspective | 51 | 49 | 2.79 | 0.01 |

- Males were rated more significantly positively on one competency (Develops Strategic Perspective).


## Survey items

For 36 of 49 items survey items females scored significantly more positive. Men scored more significantly positive in only two survey items. The rest of the survey items were neutral.

These include behaviors such as: honesty and integrity, problem solving, driving for results, taking initiative, communicating powerfully, inspiring and motivating, building relationships, developing others, collaboration and teamwork, and championing change. However, there were some competencies that the men excelled in like technical expertise, innovation, and strategic perspective.

Below is a small sample of some of the items:

|  | Male | Female | t | Sig. (2-tailed) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22. Follow through on commitments. | 47 | 56 | -12.00 | 0.00 |
| 3. Honor commitments and keep promises. | 48 | 56 | -11.79 | 0.00 |
| 23. Willingly goes above and beyond. | 48 | 56 | -11.66 | 0.00 |
| 13. Improves based on feedback from others. | 48 | 55 | -10.89 | 0.00 |
| 41.Has a clear perspective between the over- <br> all picture and the details. | 51 | 49 | 2.29 | 0.02 |
| 42.Has a perspective beyond the day-to-day. | 52 | 48 | 5.43 | 0.00 |

What does this mean for women in the workplace? Well the implications of this research are quite profound. Jack Zenger, CEO and Co-founder of Zenger Folkman, stated: "It is a well-known fact that women are underrepresented at senior levels of management. Yet the data suggests that by adding more women the overall effectiveness of the leadership team would go up." Organizations go outside to recruit effective leaders when in many cases they may well have internal people who could rise to fill the position that is vacant.

Joe Folkman, President of Zenger Folkman, noted that "While men excel in the technical and strategic arenas, women clearly have the advantage in the extremely important areas of people relationships and communication. They also surpass their male counterparts in driving for results. This we know is counterintuitive to many men."

